Application No.: 10/528,881

Amendment Dated: February 9, 2009

Reply to Office Action Dated: August 8, 2008

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please amend the specification as follows:

Please insert the following after page 2, line 7:

--BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 depicts the construction of pVK601. pSHT56 was cleaved with Ndel,

subjected to agarose gel, and the resulting 1-kb fragment was recovered from the gel.

The recovered 1-kb fragment was ligated to the 2.5-kb fragment of pUC-trc2 to form

pSHT57. pSH57 was digested with Bam HI and KpnI, and the resulting 875-bp

fragment containing the trc promoter and pdxJ was recovered from agarose gel, blunt-

ended, and ligated to pVK (digested with HindIII and blunt-ended) to form pVK601,

wherein the trc promoter and pdxJ were in the opposite direction against the kanamycin

resistant gene.

FIG. 2 depicts the construction of pKKepd (Ptac-epd). To amplify the epd gene

in S. meliloti, a tac promoter driven epd cassette was constructed. Briefly, a 1.0-kb Pstl

fragment from pCRepd was blunted and ligated into the Smal site of pKK223-3 in an

orientation that allowed transcription of epd by the tac promoter and the resulting

plasmid was named pKKepd.

FIG. 3 depicts the construction of pVK602. Briefly, mobilizable cosmid pVK100

was digested with Bglll, then about 21.3-kb fragment were recovered. After the

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fragment was treated with bacterial alkaline phosphatase, 1.3-kb BamHI fragments from

pKKepd were ligated into the BgIII digested and dephosphorylated fragment to give a

plasmid pVK602.

FIG. 4 depicts the contruction of pVK611. pVK601 was digested with BgIII and

about 22.2-kb fragments were recovered. After the fragments were treated with

bacterial alkaline phosphatase, 1.3-kb BamHI fragments from pKKepd was ligated into

the BgIII digested and dephosphorylated fragment to give plasmid pVK611. --

Please replace lines 23-25 on page 3 with the following:

--Osaka (IFO), Japan. Preferably, S. meliloti IFO 14782, which was

deposited under the terms of the Budapest Treaty at the Deutsche Sammlung von

Mikroorganismen und Zellkulturen GmbH (DSM) having an address at Mascheroder

Weg 1b, D-38124 Braunschweig, Germany under accession number DSM 10226, on

September 4, 1995, can be used for the present invention.

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